

Critical Behavior of the Dielectric Modulus in Nitrobenzene-Dodecane Mixture

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The dielectric properties of a homogenous critical mixture of nitrobenzene-decane were studied in the range $1 \text{ Hz} < f < 1 \text{ Mz}$. The temperature dependences of the “static” dielectric permittivity ϵ' (1 MHz) and the electric conductivity σ (1 Hz) exhibit pretransitional anomalies which may be associated with the same critical exponent $\phi = 1 - \alpha \approx 0.88$, where α is the critical exponent of the specific heat. The same data were analyzed using the dielectric modulus representation. They show loss curves for the imaginary part of the modulus $M''(f)$. It was found that the temperature evolutions of the peak frequency $\tau = 1/2\pi f_p$ and the peak maximum of $M'' = M''(f_p)$ also exhibit critical anomalies. Their forms resemble anomalies obtained for the imaginary part of the dielectric permittivity $\epsilon''(f)$, carried out for $40 \text{ MHz} < f < 1 \text{ GHz}$, in an ethanol-dodecane critical mixture [S. J. Rzoska, K. Orzechowski, and A. Drozd-Rzoska, Phys. Rev. E **65**, 042501 (2002)]. – PACS: 64.70.Ja, 77.20.+y, 64.60.Fr

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